

## Latah County News Paragraphs

### Items of interest Taken From Neighboring Papers

The meeting of the Genesee Game Protective association, was held in the Legion hall last Friday evening was well attended. Seventeen local sportsmen were present and Secretary Hulbert of the Moscow Game Protective association acted as chairman until the organization had elected its officers for the term ending March 31, 1924. Deputy State Wardens Johnson of Lewiston and Tenwick of Moscow were present and gave material assistance in the matters of organizing. Mark Donaldson of Lewiston was also present.

Officers of the local association were chosen as follows: Frank Thomas, president; A. C. Linehan, vice-president; Charles Whalen, secretary-treasurer. D. Scharnhorst, John Kries, Chas. Greiser, Grant Clark and F. E. Dicus were appointed as a board of directors. All officials of the organization are also members of the board.

The game laws were discussed and as a result some understandings were reached on the open seasons on the various birds. Blue grouse, prairie chicken, native pheasants or ruffed grouse, Chinese or Mongolian pheasants and quail were among the birds, upon which there is an open season, according to the law of the state as set forth on the back of licenses. The state game warden has ruled that the Hungarian pheasants are on the non-eligible lists for the whole state and Warden Johnson stated that he would take the matter up directly and let the local sportsmen know at the earliest possible moment.

The meeting was adjourned to meet in the office of W. W. Burr on Friday evening October 5, 1923.—Genesee News

Between \$9000 and \$10,000 has been realized on 137 acres of land near Moscow, according to announcement of a deal closed Friday for the sale of Blue Prussian peas by A. S. Lyon and Guilbert Lyon to N. Williamson. The peas were raised on summer fallow land on the A. S. Lyon place, three and one-half miles east of Moscow. Mr. Guilbert Lyon is manager of the farm.

Mr. Lyon raised a total of 2160 sacks of peas on the 137 acres. These peas at the price of \$3.20 per hundred pounds paid represented a value of between \$9000 and \$10,000. Delivery was finished today and the contract closed.

The peas were machine run, entirely free of weevil, and of the Blue Prussian variety. They were shipped to a Philadelphia concern.

Announcement of the deal illustrates the advantage of turning Palouse country land into large profits by raising peas instead of allowing the land to lie idle in summer fallow. Mr. Lyon raises 40 bushels of wheat to the acre on the same land. After the land has been planted to peas and the harvest completed the soil is in excellent condition for the wheat crop of the next season.—Star Mirror.

Samples of corn from the George Drury farm, on exhibition at this office, has about convinced us that the east has nothing on Texas Ridge when it comes to corn. Yellow Dent, with two fine big ears to the stalk. George says it will go 50 gallons to the acre. He meant bushels, of course, and it will beat that. He filled his silo with ten acres of white corn.—Deary Press

Otto Linderman has received word of the sudden death of his nephew, Tor Seadon by a premature blast in a mine near Mullan, Idaho. Tor had loaded 41 charges, and they went off before he got away, killing him.

## Nez Perce County Agent Resigned

### Waldo W. Skuse Served for Seven Years

After serving more than seven years as agricultural agent of Nez Perce county, Waldo W. Skuse has placed his resignation in the hands of the clerk of the board of county commissioners, says the Tribune.

The county agent is employed by three forces, the county, the state extension service and the federal department of agriculture, and the work in this and other counties employing agents is carried on under the guidance of these. In this county, Mr. Skuse has established for himself an enviable reputation for results accomplished and the thoroughness with which he carried out his work. He displays at all times an undivided and unselfish interest in the county as a whole, and scarcely a meeting took place in which his work was considered a factor but what he was found present. He worked with the farmers, with the boys' and girls' clubs, and in all affairs tending for the advancement of Nez Perce county from an agricultural standpoint.

Last spring an effort was made to have the office of county agent discontinued and the commissioners for some time had the matter under consideration, listening to delegations for and against the movement. A final settlement came and this resulted in Mr. Skuse being retained in office.

It is not known what action the board will take relative to naming another for the office, if such course is contemplated. Mr. Skuse's resignation is made effective on Jan. 1, 1924 in his communication to the commissioners.

Mr. Skuse stated that he resigns from public work to engage in the business of farm implements and allied lines, under the name of Skuse Moline company. E. L. Parker, who has been in business for several years at Nez Perce and Cottonwood, will be associated with Mr. Skuse in the new concern. The location of the company will be on Main street, a small distance east of the union station in the brick building recently built by Mr. Parker.

The building is admirably adapted to a business of this kind, containing as it does a large main floor, 40 by 70 feet, with a full basement, while the rear of the building is on the railway right-of-way. The main activities of the company will be in the Moline line of farm implements in the entire scope of territory tributary to Lewiston, though other lines of various kinds of equipment that would naturally be associated with farm implements will also be handled.

### Oklahoma Cake Eaters

A man on a horse rode up to a drug store. He had a wildcat tucked under his arm, a panther was trailing at the end of a lariat, in his hand was a live rattlesnake he was using as a whip. He called to the proprietor, said he wanted a quart of Wood alcohol, a pint of carbolic acid to quench his thirst. "Who are you?" asked the druggist. "Haven't you been reading the papers?" was the reply. Gov. Walton has chased all us cake eaters out of Oklahoma.

instantly and burying him under a vast amount of rock and gravel. Tor was about 20 years of age, completed high school last spring and was planning on taking up mining engineering. He spent the winter of 1920-21 in the canyon with relatives and friends. He was an exemplary young man and well-liked by all. It seems bad indeed that a young life like his should be blotted out at this promising age.—Troy News.

## American Embassy and Mr. Woods



### Nelson Dismissed Brown Case

The trial of "Buster" Brown and Fred Brown, both of Kendrick, charged with contributing to the delinquency of a minor, opened before Judge Adrian Nelson of the Latah county probate court, Monday afternoon. "Buster" Brown is 19 years of age and Fred Brown is 22 years of age, says the Star-Mirror.

Upon motion of Frank L. Moore, prosecuting attorney of Latah county, the charges of contributing to the delinquency of a minor against "Buster" Brown and Fred Brown, both of Kendrick, were dismissed Monday afternoon by Judge Adrian Nelson of the Latah county probate court. A jury had been summoned but prior to the pending of the trial a conference between the parties resulted in the motion to dismiss the charges.

Certain promises were made by the two principal parties prior to the dismissal of the action.

### Kendrick School Notes

The high school boys organized a basketball team, Monday. They have appointed Miss Dorothy Stanton as manager. The team will meet three times a week at 7:00 o'clock for practice.

The supplies for the mimeograph machine have arrived. Instructions how to use the machine and how to make impressive copies is now being given to the students in the advanced typewriting class. This machine does clear printing and can be used to a great advantage for printing outlines for class work, copy work for the primary and intermediate grades and other school printing, and will also prove to be a great money saving device.

The high school girls organized a basketball team, Tuesday. Miss Ma Morey is president of the organization and a captain will be appointed for the team later. The practices have been arranged for twice a week at 7:00 o'clock.

Next week will be given over to the sixth week examinations in all subjects in high school.—Minnie Blum.

### County Pay For Fill

At Tuesday's meeting of Nez Perce county commissioners, the second day of the regular quarterly session, the commissioners, by resolution, agreed to pay the cost of the fill at the south end of the Myrtle bridge, erected with county money, in view of the fact that the Lapwai Valley highway district is reported without funds for the work. The provision of the county's offer is that \$500 will be appropriated for the work, but not to exceed that amount. The board's action was based on an estimate submitted by Engineer E. M. Booth and approved by Engineer C. C. Van Arsdol.

### Harris-Gardner

The marriage of Miss Rose Harris and Mr. William Gardner was solemnized at the home of H. P. Hull, justice of the Peace, Sunday afternoon, October 7. Miss Harris recently moved here from Lapwai, Idaho. Mr. Gardner has employment with the Vollmer-Clearwater Co. The bride and groom will make their home in Kendrick.

### Brunsiek-Brammer Wedding

A very pretty autumn wedding was solemnized on Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, in the Emanuel Lutheran church of Cameron, when Miss Wanda Brunsiek and Mr. August Brammer were united in marriage in the presence of the members of the immediate families.

The ceremony was performed by their pastor, Rev. E. A. Rein, using the double ring service. Mrs. E. A. Rein presided at the organ.

The bride entered on the arm of her maid of honor, Miss Laura Blum, to the strains of Lohengrin's Wedding March.

The church and home were profusely decorated with ferns, astors, roses and snap dragons.

The bride's gown was of pearl white tulle made on very simple and youthful lines. The veil was made cap shape and held in place with a wreath of orange blossoms. The bride carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses.

The maid of honor wore a simple frock of blue taffeta and carried pink carnations.

Mr. Brammer was attended by Wilbert Brunsiek, brother of the bride. After the ceremony a sumptuous dinner was served at the home of the bride.

The bride is the grand-daughter of Mrs. M. Bleck of Kendrick and is well known in this community, having attended the Kendrick school and is an active member of the Cameron Lutheran church and its various organizations.

Mr. Brammer has long been a resident of Cameron and is a popular member of the community. He is the president of the Young Peoples' society.

The young couple will for the present make their home with the bride's mother, Mrs. Emma Brunsiek, and expect to settle in or about Cameron in the near future. They have the well wishes of the entire community.

### Ziemanns Leaving Southwick

Gus and Herman Ziemann are moving their merchandise stock from Southwick to Asotin, Wash. They purchased the general merchandise store of Spekter & Wegner at Asotin and will take possession this week. Spekter & Wegner will move to Lewiston where they have an interest in the Alexander department store. The Ziemann family will make their home on Cleveland street in Asotin, having purchased the Hollenbeck home.

Ziemann Bros. have conducted a general merchandise business for many years at Southwick. They have been very successful financially and have a host of friends throughout the Potlatch country. They leave behind them a reputation for square dealing and good merchandise. Every business house in Kendrick has a feeling of personal regard and respect for these two good business men and regret their leaving the community.

Ony Walker and family arrived this week from Thurlow, Montana. They shipped their household goods and farming equipment, including their horses, in an emigrant car and were unloading here yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Walker are former Potlatchers and will locate on Potlatch ridge.

## Announce Fields Certified Wheat

### All Located in the Leland Community

Three fields of certified wheat in Nez Perce county were announced recently by Waldo W. Skuse, county agricultural agent, all being in the Leland community. R. B. Parks has a 60 acre field of forty-fold, H. R. Parks 40 acres of the same variety and Archie May has 75 acres of Jenkins club which meets the requirements of purity of variety and freedom from foreign seeds. The grain entered by H. B. Parks took first prize at the Lewiston-Clarkston fair.

The gentlemen mentioned will be a source of supply for farmers who have sought information from the county agents as to where pure seed might be located.

Mr. Skuse is also endeavoring to secure a supply of two new grains, "Federation" and "Mosida," the former being a development of the Oregon experiment while the latter has been produced by the Idaho station at Moscow.

Federation while on trial at Moro, Oregon, and in a number of irrigated sections of the state this year gave a yield of 45.3 buhshels per acre, a moist year for that district favoring the crop. G. R. Hyslop, farm crop specialist of the Oregon Agricultural college, writing to Mr. Skuse, expressed his opinion that in the heavier rainfall of Nez Perce county (the precipitation at Moro is normally 12 inches) the new wheat would be found practical.

Federation is a true spring wheat, and cannot be used with safety in fall sowing, but County Agent Fred Bennion of Pendleton reports that in his county, some very excellent yields were recorded during the present year with spring sowing. Federation is declared by those growing it to be a better spring wheat than either bluestem or baart.

Mosida is an awnless hard winter wheat, a cross between Turkey and the Fultz-Mediterranean. It was first produced at the Colorado experiment station by Prof. G. S. Ray, who brought it to the University of Idaho. After several years of growth and selection, the variety was named by Prof. R. K. Barnett, university agronomist, he choosing a contraction of Moscow, Idaho.

Mosida is hardy in winter and will not head out if spring sown. It is bunt resistant and is about as early as Turkey. The straw is always of good stiffness. At the Sandpoint substation and at the Mora station in Oregon, it produced the highest yield of any variety grown.

Mr. Skuse is confident that it will be possible for a test of the new wheats to be made in Nez Perce county this fall, and as soon as the receipt of seed is assured a selection of the farmers who will plant experimental plots will be made.

### May May Serve Sentence

Frank May, better known here as "Cute" May, was taken to Moscow last Saturday by Deputy Sheriff Grant Robbins to appear before Judge E. C. Steele to determine whether his discharge on a liquor law violation conviction should be continued. May was arrested April 14 for possession of intoxicating liquor and sentenced to six months in jail and fined \$125. He was discharged April 26 pending good behavior and on condition that he pay the fine.

County officers stated Tuesday that the fine had not been paid and that May is alleged to have been bootlegging near Bovill and Elk River since his release. He is being held in the county jail awaiting action of Judge Steele.

## Carbonate Dust Smut Treatment

### Results of Experiments Conducted Thus Far

Further experiments with the copper carbonate dust treatment for smut control will be necessary before it can be recommended unreservedly as a substitute for the bluestone treatment according to a statement issued by Prof. C. W. Hungerford of the Idaho experiment station, reporting results of experiments conducted thus far.

"Copper carbonate dust applied at the rate of two ounces to the bushel," says Professor Hungerford's statement, "has not given as good control of smut in winter wheat as the bluestone treatment, in tests carried on by county agents of northern Idaho and by the Idaho agricultural experiment station."

"In an average of all tests made the dust treatment has not given as good control as the bluestem treatment. This has held true for the past three years when the dust method of treatment has been tested."

"Experiments carried on this year indicate that a good grade of copper carbonate dust applied at the rate of two ounces to the bushel and thoroughly mixed with the wheat will control smut in the spring wheat nearly as well as the bluestone treatment. This is doubtless due to the fact that the smut in the soil, which causes such heavy losses in winter wheat, does not live over winter. In treating wheat for spring planting it is only necessary to kill the smut which adheres to the seed."

"Demonstrations were conducted by O. S. Fletcher, county agricultural agent, on 51 farms of Latah county. In all of these tests the dry treatment was compared with the wet treatment which the farmer ordinarily used. The plots were treated with some grade of copper carbonate and compared with the treatment commonly used on the farm of the cooperator. The average percentage of smut for all of the dry treatment was 13 percent. The average percentage of smut for all of the wet treatment was 10.3 percent. The stand of wheat was better in every case where the dry treatment was used."

"On the farm of Frank Gustafson, near Moscow, five different brands of copper carbonate were compared with bluestone and salt and with bluestone and salt followed by the lime bath. Ninety pounds of Jenkins club wheat were used for each treatment. The smut in the copper carbonate plots varied from 36 percent to 42 percent. The plot treated with bluestone and salt followed by a lime bath gave 33 percent smut. These percentages are very high due to the fact that the seeding was done at a time when a maximum amount of infection from the soil resulted. In this connection it was noted that in very early and in very late seeding there was less difference between the smut found in the plots treated with the wet and the dry treatments."

"More favorable results have been secured at the Washington experiment station with copper carbonate applied at the rate of three ounces to the bushel. A large number of demonstrations similar to those referred to above will be conducted next year, using three ounces of copper carbonate to the bushel."

"In view of the results secured in these experiments, the dry treatment is not recommended unreservedly but rather recommended for further comparison with the wet methods. In this way it can be proved effective and become standardized. Because of the many distinct advantages of the dry treatment if it proves effective it will undoubtedly replace the wet treatment method now used."



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Yes, Again we say Prices are low at this store on Fall and Winter Merchandise.

Underwear values that speak for themselves.

Ladies silk and wool unionsuits	\$1.95 and \$2.75
Children's heavy fleeced unionsuits	95c and up.
Children's wool mixed unionsuits	\$1.75 and \$1.95
Men's wool process unionsuits, each	\$1.95
Men's heavy wool mixed unionsuits, per suit	\$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.75
Men's heavy fleeced unionsuits	\$1.25

## Pullover Sweaters for Boys

All wool, sizes 28 to 34 and priced at

**\$3.45**

## Blankets

See the pretty plaids. You will want several pairs of these blankets.

66x80 wool nap blankets	\$3.95
66x80 wool nap blankets	\$4.90
66x80 wool mixed plaid	\$6.50
70x80 wool plaid	\$8.90

Note these sizes are extra large.

We also have a complete line of cotton sheet blankets.

## Flannel Shirts for Men

All prices and kinds, selling at

\$2.25	\$2.75	\$3.00	\$3.75
\$4.50	\$5.00		

## Drygoods

New things in the dry goods section.

Silk umbrellas in all the wanted shades at **\$5.75 each**

Ladies vanity cases and hand bags in the latest novelties.

# N. B. LONG & SONS

"The Home of Good Things to Eat and Wear"

No. 141  
Report of the condition of

## The Farmers Bank

at Kendrick, in the State of Idaho at the close of business

September 14, 1923

### RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	90,275.74
Overdrafts	281.06
Stocks, Bonds and Warrants	2,452.85
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures	9,636.00
Other Real Estate	1,525.00
Claims, Judgments, Etc.	5,179.39
Cash on hand	\$ 3,370.51
Due from banks	24,658.16
Checks and Drafts on other Banks	234.90
Expenses in Excess of Earnings	725.48
Total	\$138,339.09

### LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	\$ 15,000.00
Surplus	3,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expense, Interest and Taxes Paid	106.08
Individual deposits subject to check	63,022.62
Savings Deposits	17,443.31
Time Certificates of Deposit	38,184.03
Cashier's Checks	1,583.05
Total Deposits	\$120,233.01
Total	\$138,339.09

STATE OF IDAHO, COUNTY OF LATAH, ss.

I, M. B. McConnell cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. B. McCONNELL, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:

A. E. Clark } Directors.  
E. W. Eaves }

Subscribed and sworn to before me this day 22nd of September, 1923.

I certify that I am NOT an Officer or Director of this Bank.—G. F. Walker, Notary Public.

## Kendrick Gazette

Ralph B. Knepper, Publisher

Entered as second-class matter 1892 at Kendrick, Idaho, under the Act of Congress of March, 1879.

Subscription \$1.50 a year.

The stout old lady was struggling valiantly, but against odds of some 200 pounds, to mount the high step of the waiting jitney. "Come along, Ma," urged the conductor. "If they had given you more yeast when you was a gal you'd be able to rise better." "Yes, young man," she retorted as at last she hoisted herself triumphantly up, "And if they'd given you a bit more yeast you'd be better bred."

It was on a visit back with Uncle Ike in the afternoon shade. A young fellow went speeding by on the pike in a high-powered car. "Uncle Ike," we said, "that car raises a heap of dust." "It ort to," responded Uncle Ike: It is draggin' a mortgage on a 40-acre farm."

### How It Happened

A lumberjack with a broken leg was taken to a hospital for treatment. After the leg had been set, the nurse asked him how the accident occurred.

He replied:

"You see, ma'am, it was this way: I was shyhooking for the Potlatch Lumber Company and I had only one ground mole. He sent up a big blue butt and she was a heavy one. I saw her yaw and yelled to him to give her a St. Croix, instead of which he threw a sag into her and that gunned her, and that broke my leg."

"Yes," the nurse replied, "but I don't exactly understand." "Neither do I," said the lumberjack. "That darn fool must have been crazy."—Judge.

A hen that will lay during the fall shows her persistence and value as a good producer.

Ducklings need plenty of fresh water in dishes deep enough for them to wash their eyes and nostrils.

### Essay on The Goose

A little Kansas boy was asked by his teacher to write an essay on the goose. He wrote: "The goose is a

low, heavy-set bird, composed mostly of meat and feathers. His head sets on one end and he sets on the other. He cannot sing much on account of the dampness in the moisture in which he lives. There ain't no between to his toes and he carries a toy balloon in his stomach to keep from sinking. A goose has two legs and they are set so far back on his running-gear that they came pretty near missing his body. Some geese when they get big are called ganders. Ganders don't have to set or hatch, but just loaf, eat and go swimming. If I was a goose I'd rather be a gander."

### CAMERON ITEMS

The Emanuel Lutheran church at Cameron will celebrate their annual Mission and Harvest festival next Sunday.

Carl Lohman and Herman Blum were transacting business in Kendrick, Saturday.

Otto Silflow was a caller at the Blum home, Sunday evening.

Miss Wanda Brunsiek, Mrs. Jack Bechtol with August Brammer made a trip to Lewiston last Friday.

Adeline Rogers, who has not been able to attend school on account of a lame hip, entered school last week.

Choir rehearsal was resumed last Friday evening at the Blum home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gertje of Lewiston and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gertje and daughter, Viola, went on a fishing trip to Elk river. They reported good fishing.

Otto Schoeffler left for Lewiston, Monday morning. Otto and his mother will motor to Spokane and coast points.

### FAIRVIEW LOCALS

Carl and Zelma Hartung spent the week end with their sister, Mrs. Wm. Wolff.

Buster Houck of Juliaetta spent the latter part of the week at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Glenn.

In spite of the hard rain Saturday evening quite a number of people gathered at the Frank Wilken home. The evening was spent with music and dancing, and a delicious lunch was served at midnight.

Wm. Hechtner of Lapwai was a visitor Saturday evening and Sunday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary McCall.

Miss Bertha Hartung was a Sunday guest at the McCall home.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Wilken of Fir Bluff were Saturday night guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilken.

Hugh Parks had the misfortune of losing a work horse, Sunday.

Jesse Coontz of Clarkston visited Sunday at the home of his niece, Mrs. Mel Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Daugherty and children were visitors at the T. H. Daugherty home, Sunday.

### Sociology

Briefly defined, the subject sociology deals with the study of human association, with society as a whole rather than any of its separate phases. Education, we know, has for its general aim "social efficiency". Sociology, as a social science contributes directly toward this worthy aim in that it stresses the training and development of citizenship, sets up ideals for the future participant in our American democracy, develops a sense of responsibility of the individual as a member of social groups and develops an appreciation in nature and the common laws of social life.

We are aware of the existing fact that a number of high school students are entering the world of industry with little or no knowledge of the basic fundamental principles underlying social organization and economics. Again, society is becoming more complex, complications are continually arising due to the great number of people congregating in small areas competition becoming more keen in every realm of activity so to speak, and various other problems in the development and movement of society in general are occurring daily, some with greater rapidity than others.

Since the school in recent years has taken over for the most part a great many of the functions of the home for example, education, it, the school then assumes the responsibility and further, is thereby obligated to "prepare the child for a complete living", one of the aims of education. An appreciable headway is gained, of course, through the study of

sociology, as we may conclude after reviewing the aims of the subject.

To summarize: We then endeavor to show the student the growth and development of human interrelations and a familiarity with the laws and principles of social organization and social change together with the cultivation of habits and ideals for good citizenship ever in the foreground. In doing this, one text in the high school is used as a guide while the student is trained to maintain an open mind until facts have been

gained through outside reading and material from other texts have been diluted or summarized, before drawing conclusions regarding any one problem. Individual research with a problem solving attitude will eventually be the net result. It would seem that in view of the above facts, the subject, sociology is justifiable in the high school curriculum; provided, however, the proper equipment is at hand.

DANIEL A. McCLAIN  
Principal Kendrick High School.



We point to the above because it's the most important thing to consider in buying clothes. Once you've solved that question everything else will come easy.

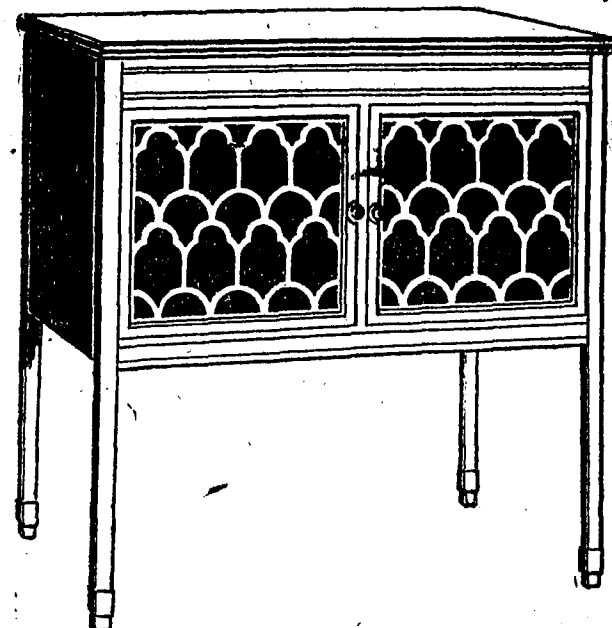
Nobody disputes the merit of clothes made to order, but many men hesitate because they think it costs more. We say NO!

You'll pay \$50 for a good quality ready-made and right here we can make to your measure a super fine suit for \$50 or you can go down to \$28 if you want to. Why hesitate?

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Edison Chippendale	\$295.00
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Brunswick Style 200, Golden Oak.	\$100.00

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(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture)  
If bacteria were large enough to be visible to the naked eye, and still retained their remarkable powers of increasing, their multiplication in an unsterilized milk can on a warm summer day would probably produce an effect much like an explosion. Under favorable conditions the increase in numbers in 24 hours, even on the walls of



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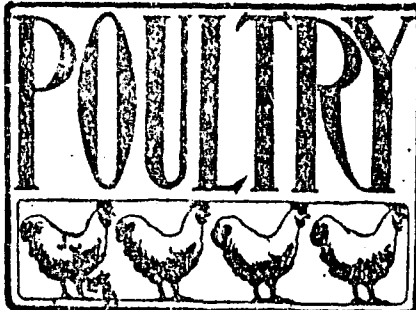
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### A Good Physic.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, in effect, easy to take and certain to act, take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are excellent.

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### Most Important Breeds of Ducks for Marketing

Ducks are the most valuable of all domesticated waterfowl, for commercial purposes.

Ducks can be successfully raised in almost any locality where they have a good supply of green food and plenty of drinking water. In recent years the production of broiler ducks for market has become a large business. The raising of ducks for the production of eggs for market, while still in its infancy, promises to grow to considerable proportions. The most important breeds of ducks for the production of market poultry are the Peking, Aylesbury and Rouen.

As ducks are rather hardy birds they do not require more than ordinarily good shelter from the weather. It is a custom to place them in low-built houses on a range, where they will have plenty of room to range. Duck houses should be placed on ground that has sufficient slope to drain it at all times of the year. The floors of houses for ducks should preferably be of sandy soil.

The ground composing the floor of the houses should be dug out to the depth of six inches each spring and fall, and replaced with fresh soil. The floor should be kept continually covered with a litter of dry straw on which the ducks can roost or rest at night. This litter should be taken out frequently and dried in the sun, and whenever it becomes filthy it should be removed, the floor carefully cleaned, and fresh litter placed in the houses.

A small house well suited for ducks is 12 feet wide, 16 feet long, 7 feet high in front, 5 feet high at the back. With a yard 50 feet square the house and yard are sufficiently large to accommodate 65 ducks.

Ducks need lots of fresh air and in building the houses provision should be made for abundant ventilation. If a large number of ducks are kept in a close house, the air will get so bad that some ducks will actually go blind from the irritation of their eyes by the ammonia arising from the manure.

Few articles of equipment are essential for duck houses, the principal ones being water vessels, feed hoppers and nests. Where ducks are supplied with an ample swimming pool they will have a sufficient water supply; where they do not have this water supply they must have water continually before them in troughs, small galvanized-iron buckets, stone crocks or water fountains.

### Right Time for Culling Indifferent Laying Hens

Look for a high death rate among farm poultry. The culling season, when the indifferent layer and all her sisters should be disposed of to the best advantage, is at hand. Culling demonstrations are in order from June to January.

Nine hundred and eighty-six demonstrations were put on in 75 counties of Minnesota last season. Three thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight flocks, totaling 313,557 birds, were culled; 100,932 birds, or practically one-third, were discarded as unprofitable.

"It is evident from these figures," says N. E. Chapman, poultry specialist with the agricultural extension division of the university, "that about one-third of the farm flocks should be culled, and this culling should begin as soon as the hens begin to molt. Early molters having small combs and wattles and yellow legs of the American and Mediterranean breeds are the ones that should be discarded. Such fowls may be consumed immediately, canned for future use or put on the market. This will give the remainder of the flock more room and a better chance all around. Sale of the non-layers will provide a fund for the purchase of feed for the growing stock."

### Fattening Rations That Gave Profitable Results

In fattening poultry as an Illinois farm demonstration, 47 Rhode Island Red cockerels weighing 60 pounds gained 28 pounds in 11 days or a little over half a pound per bird. They were fed mixed one part wheat shorts and two parts corn meal by weight mixed to a thin batter with sweet or sour milk. No milk or water was given the birds to drink. Floor space was one square foot per bird in a cool pen. They were fed all they would clean up in 20 minutes twice a day. Gains at current market price for feed cost less than five cents a pound.

### Duck Is Distinguished From Drake by Quacking

The duck is distinguished from the drake both by appearance and sound. The drake, when fully feathered has in his tail feathers, two feathers on the top which curl up. This is not an infallible test because sometimes the curled feathers may have been pulled out, or lost out from molting or other cause. The curled feather shows on a drake when he is four months old. A duck quacks, but a drake does not.

# PUBLIC AUCTION

I will sell the following described property at public auction on the old Joe Nedvedeck place 2 miles southeast of Goldhill on

## TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16

SALE BEGINS AT 10 O'CLOCK SHARP

### HORSES

Bay team ages 4 and 5, wt. 2600  
Black team age 5 and 9, wt. 2500  
Grey Team ages 10, wt. 2400  
Bay horse, age 6, wt. 1400

### COWS

2 cows ages 2 and 4, good milkers,  
both fresh about Dec. 1

### IMPLEMENTS

3 sets of team harness  
One half set of harness  
Studebaker wagon 3 1-2 inch  
2 Bain wagons, 3 1-2 inch

Grain rack and 2 bundle racks

12 inch gang plow

16 inch sulkey plow

14 inch walking plow

3 section harrow

Bobsled

Bean cutter

2 1-2 H. P. International gas eng.

Feed grinder and circular saw

Blacksmith outfit

McCormack mower

Hack

Numerous other articles

## LUNCH WILL BE SERVED

**TERMS:** All sums under \$20.00, cash; all sums over that amount approved notes bearing 10 per cent interest and due October 1, 1924. 5 per cent discount for cash.

## WILL FRANCE, Owner

N. R. Shepherd, Auctioneer

M. B. McConnell, Clerk

### Crimson Clover Seed of Inferior Quality

Samples Tested for Germination Were Very Low.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

An examination of the quality of crimson clover seed has recently been made by the seed testing laboratories of the bureau of plant industry, United States Department of Agriculture. Samples secured from representative dealers were tested for germination. As this was done during the month of June, seed of the 1923 crop was not available.

One-fifth of the samples was found to contain less than 25 per cent of live seed, and two-fifths of the samples contained less than 65 per cent of pure live crimson clover seed. In other words, two-fifths of the samples of crimson clover seed offered farmers during the month of June were of such poor quality that they would not be permitted entry into the United States under the seed importation act. The proportion of high grade seed offered in the market will be increased when the 1923 crop seed is available, but nevertheless the old seed of low vitality now being offered will be sold for seedling purposes.

It should be kept in mind, says the department, that crimson clover seed loses its vitality more rapidly than most other seeds, and therefore it is especially important to know in advance of seedling how much of it may be expected to grow under favorable soil and weather conditions. If the germination is not known before sowing, many failures in the field are sure to follow.

### Sells Pure Bred Cattle to Oklahoma Scoffers

Illustrating the satisfaction and prosperity that come with improved live stock, Robert Ellis, an Oklahoma dairyman, tells of his experiences with scoffers when he began raising pure bred. "When I shipped in my first pure bred heifer," he stated in a recent letter to the United States Department of Agriculture, "the old, gray-headed men gathered around me

and asked me what I paid for her. When I told them \$240, they said I had more money than brains. They said I could not sell any cattle in the county at that price. But I am glad I am a pure bred stockman and one of the first to enroll with Uncle Sam to put the scrub sires out. I have sold cattle to some of the men who laughed at me and I received \$450 for one animal.

Mr. Ellis adds that he observed the difference between scrubs and pure bred by being unable to obtain more than \$10 for a scrub while pure bred ordinarily sold for \$150 and up.

### Sell Direct to Consumer, Most Profitable Method

Selling direct to the consumer is generally considered the most profitable method of disposing of high-grade goods, for the charges of middlemen are eliminated. The producer is often so situated that he can build up a retail trade among the families of a neighboring city or village, delivering his goods direct to the customer once or twice a week, or oftener if desirable. In this way he can usually secure a substantial increase over prices paid in the open market. This is especially true in the case of strictly fresh eggs. It is also often possible to secure customers in a city that is within reasonable shipping distance, expressing to them a stated amount of eggs and dressed poultry at regular intervals (once or twice a week). Hotels, restaurants, and clubs are good customers, which can be supplied in this way by contract.

### Pure Strain Selections of Potatoes Win Favor

According to reports received by the United States Department of Agriculture, tests made in New York state under the supervision of Cornell university show that pure-strain selections of potatoes are much superior to those ordinarily grown by farmers in that section. The pure-strain selections were developed from a single tuber and were subjected to a two-year commercial test on several farms where they were grown side by side with the farmers' own selection. The average of all the tests for the two years showed an advantage of 45 bushels to the acre in favor of the pure strain over the ordinary kinds grown

on these farms. All the soil and cultural conditions were the same on each farm for the pure strain and the others.

### Green Crops for Swine Are of Much Importance

The importance of green crops for hogs can hardly be overestimated. No hog breeder can succeed today unless he makes use of green pastures. All pasture crops are more valuable while they are young and succulent. It is advisable to have two or three pastures which can be used alternately.

### Alfalfa Seed Should Be Tested for Germination

Alfalfa seed intended for planting this fall should be submitted to a competent seed analyst for a determination of purity and germination. Many noxious weeds are spread and serious losses occur from failure to observe this simple and inexpensive precaution.

### Feeding Hay to Sows Is Most Excellent Scheme

While feeding hay to brood sows is not a common practice, it is an excellent plan. It has been determined that sows fed on a corn ration produced pigs weighing 1.74 pounds each at birth, while pigs from sows who were fed all the bright alfalfa they wanted produced pigs weighing 2.29 pounds at birth.

### Let Horses Go Barefoot After Heavy Fall Work

It is a good plan to allow the horses to go barefooted after the heavy fall work is over. But with the advent of ice and snow, it is best to get them reshoed if they are to be used on rough roads. Many a horse has suffered a \$50 sprain for want of a 50-cent shoe.

### SUMMONS

In The District Court of The Second Judicial District of The State of Idaho, in And For The County of Latah.  
GEORGE DENNLER, Plaintiff,

—VS—  
"MARY A. PERRYMAN, HENRY D. EVANS, and JULIA EVANS, his wife, JOSEPH J. NICHOLS and MARY E. NICHOLS, his wife, ALBIN OLSEN, W. H. NASH, ROBERT L. BALCH, SIDNEY A. PHELPS, BLANCHE A. PHELPS, his wife, the unknown heirs of COLLINS PERRYMAN, deceased, the unknown devisees of COLLINS PERRYMAN, deceased, and all unknown owners of and unknown claimants to the following described real estate situated in Latah County, State of Idaho, to-wit: The E½ of NE¼ of Sec. 7 in Twp. 37 N. R. 3 W. B. M., Defendants.  
THE STATE OF IDAHO SENDS GREETING To the above named defendants:

You are hereby notified that a Complaint has been filed against you in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for the County of Latah, by the plaintiff, the nature of plaintiff's cause of action in general terms is as follows: To require each of the above named defendants to appear in the above entitled cause and set forth any interest which said defendants or either of them may have or may claim to have in and to the real estate described in the title of this action, and to quiet the title thereto in the name of the plaintiff and also to reform a certain Deed of Record in Book 48 of Deeds at page 403 of the records of Latah County, State of Idaho.

And you are hereby directed to appear and answer the said complaint within twenty days of the service of this Summons, if served within said Judicial District and within forty days if served elsewhere and you are further notified that unless you so appear and answer said complaint within the time herein specified, the plaintiff will take judgment against you as prayed in said complaint.

Witness my hand and seal of said District Court, this 24th day of August, 1923.

HARRY A. THATCHER,  
Clerk

By Adrian Nelson, Deputy Clerk. (Seal of Court affixed)  
A. H. Oversmith, attorney for plaintiff. Residence and post office address at Moscow, Idaho. 36-6t



No. 8

Report of the condition of the

## Kendrick State Bank

at Kendrick in the State of Idaho, at the close of business

Sept. 14, 1923

### RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$163,215.52
Overdrafts	99.07
Stocks, Bonds and Warrants	30,999.04
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	6,800.00
Other Real Estate	1,850.00
Cash on hand	6,052.66
Due from banks	47,711.82
Checks and Drafts on other Banks	
Other Cash Items	2.13
Total	\$256,730.24

### LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	15,000.00
Surplus	10,000.00
Undivided Profits, less expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,382.53
Individual deposits subject to check	110,945.48
Savings Deposits	55,302.56
Time Certificates of Deposit	63,537.53
Cashier's Checks	662.14
Certified Checks	
Total Deposits	230,347.71
Total	\$256,730.24

STATE OF IDAHO, COUNTY OF LATAH, ss.

I, E. W. Lutz, Cashier of the above-named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. W. LUTZ, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:

Martin V. Thomas }  
K. D. Ingle } Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of Sept., 1923.

I certify that I am NOT an Officer or Director of this Bank.—G. F. Walker, Notary Public.

### ALIAS SUMMONS

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF IDAHO, IN AND FOR LATAH COUNTY.

The Farmers Bank, a corporation, Plaintiff,

vs.  
Dan Jones and John H. Jones, Defendants.

The State of Idaho Sends Greetings To Dan Jones and John H. Jones, the above named defendants. You and each of you are hereby notified that a complaint has been filed against you in the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for Latah County, by the above named plaintiff, and you are hereby directed to appear and answer the said complaint within twenty days of the service of this summons, if served within said Judicial District, and within forty days if served elsewhere, and you are further notified that unless you so appear and answer said complaint within the time herein specified, the plaintiff will take judgment against you as prayed in said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a judgment against the defendants for the sum of \$766.53 with interest thereon from March 18, 1923, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, being a balance on a promissory note executed by the defendants to the plaintiff, at Kendrick, Idaho, on December 1st, 1921, and for \$100.00 attorney's fees and cost of suit.

Witness my hand and the seal of said District Court this 24th day of September, A. D. 1923.

Harry A. Thatcher,  
Clerk of said District Court.  
By Adrian Nelson, Deputy

(Seal)  
Tannahill & Leeper, attorneys for Plaintiff, Residence and P. O. address, Lewiston, Idaho 39-6t

### A Good Thing—DON'T MISS IT.

Send your name and address plainly written together with 5

cents (and this slip) to Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa, and receive in return a trial package containing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchial, "flu" and whooping coughs, and tickling throat; Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for stomach troubles, indigestion, gassy pains that crowd the heart, biliousness and constipation; Chamberlain's Salve, needed in every family for burns, scalds, wounds, piles, and skin affections; these valued family medicines for only 5 cents. Don't miss it.—Adv.

### Weather Bureau Forecasts Help

Of Great Importance to Fruit-Spraying Service of State College.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In addition to the harvest weather forecast service in New York state, the weather bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture provides forecasts which are of great importance to the fruit-spraying service maintained by the New York State College of Agriculture. The purpose of this service is to advise fruit growers in all matters pertaining to the spraying of fruit for the control of insect and other pests.

County Agent is Head. The county agricultural agent is at the head of this service in each county. He bears the responsibility of notifying the growers in his county, by telephone, mail or other means, whenever a spray application is advisable. Most growers are prepared to spray immediately on receipt of his advice, and do so in accordance with his directions. New York fruit growers spend approximately \$3,000,000 annually in spraying operations.

In general three to five spray applications are made each season. It is

of the utmost importance that each be applied at exactly the right time, neither too early nor too late, to avoid loss of labor and material and to catch the pests under exactly right conditions. In the case of apple scab, for example, a widespread and injurious fungus pest, the scab remains practically dormant during fair weather, but becomes actively infectious during rainy spells. The ideal condition for control of this pest, therefore, is two or three days of fair weather to apply the spray, followed by a rainy period.

### Forecasts Essential.

Weather forecasts are essential in connection with the control of this pest by spraying, and for practically all fruit pests. The county agent, in preparing his advice to growers, takes account of the probable weather condition for three or four days in advance and the condition of buds and fruit as reported by the field agent who travels about the county observing the development of the fruit buds and also of the various pests. Twelve counties have organized for this work, and all of them regard the weather bureau forecasts as indispensable.

### Increase in Wheat Yield Made by Oregon Farmers

An increase in yield of more than 48,000 bushels of wheat without extra labor was the reward of farmers in Union county, Oregon, following the advice of the county extension agent last winter in selecting the variety of wheat to be planted. The county agent had carried on an effective campaign calling the attention of wheat growers in the county to the higher yielding qualities of the variety Hybrid 128 under local conditions, as shown by the state experiment station tests. As a result, a number of farmers planted Hybrid 128 and obtained an average increase of 6.1 bushels per acre over all other varieties, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture. About 92 acres of the 1922 planting was certified for seed.

### Weapons to Be Employed Against Flies on Farm

If it is impossible to get rid of the breeding places of flies on the farm the best protection to the animals will be found in the use of repellents or mixtures which when applied to the animals will prevent the flies from attacking them, according to George Dean, Kansas state entomologist.

He suggests the possibility of destroying the breeding places of the horn fly, which is found in clusters on the shoulders, back and flanks of cattle in pasture, by scattering the animal droppings. Old rotting straw piles are the breeding places of the stable or biting fly, and Professor Dean suggests the advisability, if possible, of cleaning up or doing away with them.

### Grit Is Most Essential to Health of Hen Flock

Grit is essential to the health of fowls and to economy in feeding. Grit takes the place of teeth in preparing the feed for further digestion and is required for the proper preparation of feed in the gizzard. When the feed is not properly taken care of in this organ an undue strain is thrown on the fowl's system, often resulting in disease, and also allowing much of the nutriment to pass through the bird's body without being absorbed. In every pen or yard a box of grit should be kept. Recent investigators have asserted that grit is part of the necessary feed, giving the fowls strong bones and a bright plumage.

### Diseases of Raspberry Plants Hard to Detect

While most of the diseases which attack raspberry plants cannot be detected on the plants themselves, after they have been dug, care should be taken not to use plants which show hard knots or galls on the roots. These are likely to spread from plant to plant and the raspberry fields infected with this disease are seldom profitable.

### Pasturing Sweet Clover to Prevent Woodiness

Sweet clover has been condemned by many because it grows too rank and becomes so woody that stock will not eat it. This is true if it is not pastured heavily enough to keep it down. But if enough animals are kept on it so that it does not get more than nine or ten inches high, new shoots will be produced continuously which will be tender and palatable. If enough stock is not available to keep the sweet clover at the proper height, part of it should be mowed for hay, say the agronomists of the Nebraska Agricultural college. It should be mowed high enough (leave stubble at least eight inches tall) so that plenty of live buds are left on the side of the stems to produce a new crop. Unlike alfalfa, it does not send up new shoots from the crown after it has attained considerable growth the second year.

### Caponize Few Cockerels for Holiday Season Use

Caponize a few cockerels for home use during the holiday season and early spring when the roosters are too tough to cook and the hens are laying. Cockerels that are worth but little on the market now as springs can be caponized and kept on the free range at little cost until they weigh from eight to ten pounds. They excel all

other kinds of poultry for roasting purposes.

### Stock Breeder Without Silo Badly Handicapped

This is a competitive world and competition requires the use of the silo. The stock-keeper without a silo is handicapped; he is losing from 25 to 35 per cent of the profit of his enterprise. A silo investment pays a farmer about 75 per cent interest.

### Professional Cards

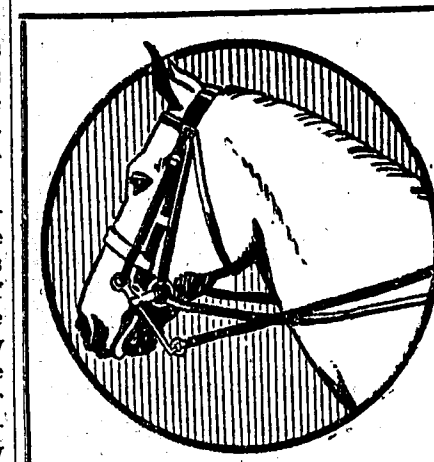
**Dr. William T. Seeley**  
Physician  
and  
Surgeon  
Kendrick, Idaho

**Dr. Geo. W. McKeever**  
DENTAL SURGEON  
Phone 812  
Kendrick, Idaho

**Dr. S. A. Roe**  
Practice Limited to Diseases of the  
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
Glasses Fitted  
Office Over Beach's Store  
LEWISTON, IDAHO

**KENDRICK LODGE NO. 26.**  
**A. F. & A. M.**  
Meets every second and  
last Thursday of the month  
M. O. Raby, W. M.  
M. B. McConnell, Secretary.

**A. H. OVERSMITH**  
Attorney-at-Law  
Urbahart Building Third Street  
Moscow, Idaho.



### Dress Up Your Horses

We have everything necessary to keep your horses and harness spic and span—curry combs and brushes, blankets, ornaments and many other things. Prices right.

**Walker's Harness Shop**

### J. F. Papineau

**Auctioneer**  
My past sales are my  
best references.  
Moscow, Idaho

### N. R. Shepherd

**The Auctioneer**  
TROY, IDAHO.

### CATARRH

Catarrh is a Local disease greatly influenced by Constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an Ointment which gives Quick Relief by local application, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces and assists in ridding your System of Catarrh. Sold by druggists for over 40 Years. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

**fresh**  
FROM THE FACTORY

**Tuxedo**  
TOBACCO

Now 15¢

ROLL YOUR OWN WITH RIZ LA CROIX TOBACCO

# PUBLIC AUCTION

I will sell at public auction at my place known as the Louis Ogden place 3 miles west of Leland and 6 miles south of Kendrick, the following described property on

## WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17

SALE STARTS AT 10 O'CLOCK SHARP

### HORSES

Grey mare age 7, weight 1300  
Sorrel mare age 10, weight 1325  
Bay gelding age 7, weight 1400  
Black gelding age 10, weight 1500

### CATTLE

Red cow age 8  
Spotted cow age 4, fresh in Feb.  
White cow age 4  
White Face heifer calf

### HOGS

One white brood sow  
White sow and litter of pigs

### IMPLEMENTS

John Deere binder  
12 inch John Deere gang  
3 inch Fish wagon  
Grain rack

McCormic binder  
Good heavy bobsled  
3 section harrow  
Hay rake  
John Deere disc 8 foot  
Riding cultivator  
Bean cutter  
Old bobsled  
Van Brunt grain drill  
Fanning mill  
16 inch walking plow  
H. & R. hack  
2 1-2 H. P. gas engine  
1 H. P. gas engine and pump jack  
40 feet 3-4 inch pipe  
6 inch burr feed grinder  
50 gallon gas tank  
2 sets breeching harness  
1 plow harness  
About 6 tons bundle hay  
Many other articles

## FREE LUNCH AT NOON

**TERMS:** All sums under \$20 cash; all over that amount bankable note bearing 10 per cent interest and due October 1, 1924.

# Frank A. Wilken, Owner

N. R. Shepherd, Auctioneer

E. W. Lutz, Clerk

Sale Bills printed at the Gazette office

#### A Remarkable Record

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has a remarkable record. It has been in use for colds, croup and whooping cough for almost half a century, and has constantly grown in favor and popularity as its good qualities became better known. It is the standard and main reliance for these diseases in thousands of homes. The facts that it can

always be depended upon, and is safe and pleasant to take are greatly in its favor when it is wanted for children.

#### Wm. H. Meyer

Blacksmithing, Wagon Work  
and  
Horseshoeing  
All Work Guaranteed

Say That You Saw it in The Gazette.

### Superior Grain Drills

The secret of the success of any grain drill lies first, in the distributor, second in the furrow opener.

The Superior drill seeds evenly, every furrow opener makes a perfect roomy trench, plants every seed at an even depth, at an even space and covers it thoroughly.

For two generations the Superior grain drills have been the first choice of American farmers.

Fone 172

The

Fone 172

**FARMERS HARDWARE COMPANY**  
OR Handy Commodities

# PUBLIC AUCTION

I will sell at public auction at my place three-fourths of a mile from Cedar Ridge school house and 2 miles northwest of Crescent, the following described property on

## THURSDAY, October 18

SALE STARTS AT 10 OCLOCK SHARP

### HORSES

Grey horse weight 1300  
Bay mare weight 1300  
Roan horse weight 1150  
Brown mare weight 1100

### CATTLE

1 Good milk cow  
2 Good cows giving milk  
2 calves

### IMPLEMENTS

3 sets butt chain harness  
One 3 1-4 John Deere wagon

Wagon and bundle rack

7 foot Osborn disc  
Corrugated land roller  
3 section harrow  
8 foot Acme harrow  
Moline bobsled  
Feed cutter, belt or hand power  
Two horse cultivator  
16 inch walking plow  
Anker Holt cream separator No. 3  
White Leghorn chickens  
Myers pump and 20 feet pipe  
Numerous other articles

LUNCH WILL BE SERVED

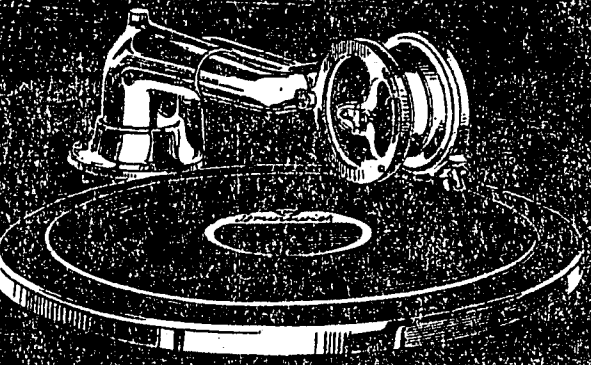
**Terms:** All sums under \$20.00 cash; all over that amount approved notes bearing 10 per cent interest and due October 1, 1924; 5 per cent discount for cash.

**R. C. WINEGARDNER, Owner,**

**Harry C. Cranke, Auctioneer**

**E. W. Lutz, Clerk**

**Brunswick**  
PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS



The  
Brunswick  
Ultona

Plays  
All Records  
Better

### Make This Test Before You Choose Your Phonograph

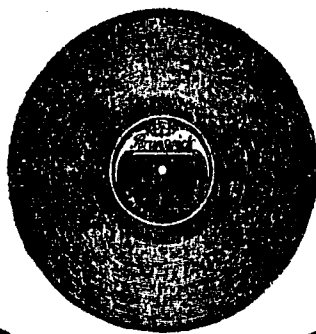
Attend one of our daily demonstrations. Hear The Brunswick. Examine the Ultona, pictured above. See if you can find elsewhere the equal of Brunswick tone.

See if you can find elsewhere the convenience of playing all types of records without changing parts—without "attachments."

Compare the sweetness of Brunswick tone with the metallic quality of ordinary phonographs—note the amazing difference.

Compare The Brunswick with any or all phonographs, feature by feature and part by part. Then use your own judgment.

**Kendrick Hardware  
Company**



### Corn Silage as Feed for Horses

Under Certain Conditions  
Varieties of Molds Are  
Deadly Poisons.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Silage is a safe and useful feed for horses and mules if proper care is exercised in making and feeding it, says the United States Department of Agriculture. There are certain precautions, however, which must be taken if success is to be secured in the feeding of silage to this class of stock.

Horses and mules are peculiarly susceptible to the effects of molds, and under certain conditions varieties of mold are found in silage which are deadly poisons to both horses and mules. Such molds are the result of either the improper cutting or packing of the silage or both. Molds must have air to grow and, therefore, silage which is packed airtight and fed out rapidly will not become moldy. If the feeder watches the silage carefully as the weather becomes warm, he can soon detect the presence of mold. When mold appears the feeding should be stopped immediately. Similarly, care should be exercised in the winter feeding of silage, so that the horses or mules are not allowed to eat frozen silage because of the danger of colic, which generally follows such practice.

**Corn Silage Favored.**

Corn silage is the only kind that so far has met with any degree of favor as a horse and mule feed. Corn which is to be ensiled for use as a horse and mule feed should not be cut too green, as sour silage will result, and this may cause colic when fed. Corn for such feed, rather, should be cut when it has begun to glaze and the silo should be filled as rapidly as possible, once the ensiling process has been started. In filling the silo it is essential that the corn be carefully and thoroughly tramped and packed. This is one of the most important points in connection with the feeding of silage to horses and mules. Cutting the silage fine and in lengths less than one inch will facilitate packing. If tramping and packing is properly done no feeding dan-

ger is apt to result, but if it is improperly done air pockets may form and cause the accumulation of a small mass of mold which, if overlooked in feeding, may be sufficient to kill one or more of the animals fed.

**Substitute for Hay.**

In feeding, silage should not be considered as the principal roughage for horses and mules, but rather should serve as a partial substitute for hay in the daily ration. Because of its bulky nature, horses and mules doing hard work should not be fed large quantities of silage, but due to its laxative, tonic, and appetizing effect, it is well suited for the maintenance of idle horses and mules, brood mares and growing stock. When used, silage should be introduced gradually into the ration and the amount fed should generally not exceed 10 to 15 pounds daily per animal.

### Boys' Pig Clubs Growing in Popularity in West

When the Colorado club boy's pig grows into a fat hog he finds a good market at the Western National Live Stock show. Beginning with 1921, the exhibiting and sale of fat hogs fed by club boys following the methods advocated by extension workers and shipped co-operatively in carload lots, has been one of the features of this show. Last year four carloads were exhibited by these young stockmen, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture, and later auctioned off. Two carloads of straight Duroc-Jerseys, one car of Poland-Chinas, and one car of mixed Poland-Chinas and Durocs were included. The carload receiving first prize sold for the highest price paid for any carload in the entire show and the other three brought top prices.

### Sweet Clover Superior for Building Up Soil

Sweet clover is truly a wonderful plant, and has done more for the building of poor, worn-out soil than any other plant. It is a wonderful soil builder, a soil renovator, and a splendid pasture crop, and while it is making an abundance of feed it is building up the soil to a greater extent than is possible for any other crop to build up the soil. The poorer the soil the more thrifty grows the sweet clover plant—it seemingly

being a God-given soil-builder for the depleted soils of the country.

### Plaster Silo Inside to Prevent Juices Leaking

Cement stave, cement block and clay tile silos should all be well plastered on the inside to prevent the juices from leaking out through the mortar joints. Two coats of rich cement mortar should be used in most cases. If the juices of the silage get into the mortar joints and freeze there is apt to be trouble.

### Destruction of Trees by Fires Is Criminal

Save the trees. Grow more trees. Plant a tree and watch it grow into money while you sleep. It takes many years to grow a big tree, but it only takes a few minutes to destroy it by fire. The destruction by forest fires is criminal. Some way should be developed to prevent this colossal waste.

### Greatest Food Value of Corn Found in Silage

Corn for fodder should be cut at the same time as for silage and placed in large round shocks well tied at the top. Corn fodder is a good reliable feed, but is wasteful. Experiments have abundantly shown that the most economical way of preserving the greatest food value of corn is to silo it for live stock. Colorado experiments show that corn shocked and dry cured in the field loses all the way from 25 per cent up to 85 per cent of its value by blowing away and by other losses, largely mechanical, due entirely to climatic conditions.—Extension Service, Colorado Agricultural College.

### Clover Crop Will Not Thrive in Sour Pasture

Some pastures are sour and as the result clover does not thrive in them. Blue grass and other grasses may yield fairly well on land that is somewhat sour, but the ideal blue grass pasture, in fact, the ideal pasture of any kind, is one that contains at least some clover. The atmospheric nitrogen which the clovers and all legumes are able to assimilate, adds just that much fertility to the soil and then

serves as food for the grasses. This is why a blue-grass pasture containing clover always produces more feed than one containing no clover.

### Circulatory System of Cow Illustrated

To Show Difference in Proteins Provided by Feeds.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The circulatory system of the cow with "blood" actually flowing through the arteries and veins, will be illustrated in a model to be shown by the United States Department of Agriculture at the national dairy show to be held this fall at Syracuse, N. Y. In the large model now being made by the office of exhibits liquids will circulate through glass tubes of various sizes, illustrating how nourishment is taken up from the digestive tract and carried to the udder, there to be used in the manufacture of milk.

One of the objects of this visual method is to show the difference in the proteins provided by various feeds. The cow model will be designed to show how the proteins of the feed are broken up by the digestive system into the constituent amino acids, which are transported in the blood stream to the mammary gland (the udder), where the necessary amino acids are taken out of the blood and built up into proteins of the milk.

By means of this exhibit the Department of Agriculture hopes to bring out forcibly that it is not only necessary to have in the ration proteins furnishing certain kinds of amino acids, but in order to prevent waste it is necessary that the amino acids be present in the right proportion. This means it is necessary to have the right combination of proteins in the feed. The use of proteins in making milk may be compared to the use of boards in building a house. Boards of various lengths are needed in a house. In building up milk many different amino acids are needed, and usually these cannot all be obtained from the protein of one kind of feed, or at least not in the proper proportions to prevent waste.



## GLEANINGS

A. Wilmot made a business trip to Wallace, returning the first of the week.

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Seeley left last Saturday in their car for South Idaho to visit for a few days at the home of Mrs. Seeley's folks.

At the meeting of the Kendrick highway commissioners last Saturday G. F. Walker was appointed to fill the position of secretary of the board in place of the late E. P. Atchison. Mr. Walker is also one of the three members of the board.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Helpman are moving to their ranch on the point of American ridge this week. They will make their home there, at least for the time being.

There are three public sales in this territory for next week. The first is for Will France near Crescent Tuesday. The second is on the following day in the Fairview community near Leland when Frank Wilken will sell his farming equipment. On Thursday R. C. Winegardner will hold a farm sale at his place near Crescent.

Herman C. Wilken of Agatha was transacting business in Kendrick, Tuesday morning.

C. C. Blackburn brought three ears of white dent corn to the Farmers Bank last week, where they are now on display. No better corn grows in any country than the exhibit brought in by Mr. Blackburn.

George E. Knepper and daughter, May, went to Moscow the first of the week for a brief visit with Mr. Knepper's brother who lives five miles north of Moscow.

N. E. Ware threshed 423 sacks of beans from 70 acres of land on the Wade Keene place on Big Bear ridge. The beans were raised by Mr. Ware and his son, Percy.

Sam Kingsbury of Summit, Idaho, was transacting business in Kendrick yesterday.

Dave Gentry closed a deal for the purchase of the peach farm recently owned by Leonard Sturdevant. The place joins Mr. Gentry's ranch. About 50 acres of the place is under cultivation.

Fred Crocker and Herb Fately are leaving this week for the Selway country on a big elk hunt. They have a spring wagon, with a prairie schooner cover and on the side is written "Selway or Bust". They expect to be gone a month or more.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Petrick and son, Ben, left yesterday afternoon for Seattle where Ben will be taken to a divine healer for treatment. Ben has been an invalid for practically the past ten years and is gradually growing weaker. He has been suffering terrible pain for years and nothing in medical science is able to cope with the malady. He has a rare form of spinal trouble and is partially paralyzed. Mr. and Mrs. James Ashton drove down from Seattle the first of the week to help make arrangements to take Ben to the city.

Mrs. W. M. McGree was a Moscow visitor the first of the week.

James Langdon of Juliaetta was transacting business in Kendrick yesterday.

Martin Thomas was visiting his brother near Gifford this week.

Rev. Forsyth of Moscow was in Kendrick Wednesday looking after church affairs here.

John Glenn is picking the prune crop on the ranch owned by Dr. Moser in the Fairview community. He has had a hard time getting enough pickers to keep the haulers busy. The prunes are being taken to the Juliaetta cannery where they are bringing \$27 a ton. Mr. Glenn pays 8c a lug box and board for pickers.

There are good prospects for a fast basket ball team in high school this year. Most of last year's players are back in school and have already started training. Prof. Strauch says there will be a very enthusiastic girls' team providing there is any way to make the available finances meet the double expense.

A. R. Shumaker recently sold his interest in the moving picture business at Pullman and now has a position with the Emerson Mercantile Co. of Pullman.

Mrs. Ira Bradshaw is moving to Juliaetta this week where she will make her home.

Henry Hill arrived Thursday from St. Maries to look after business interest here.

The best bean yields this fall were reported on Little Bear ridge. Eight sacks was a common occurrence and a prominent farmer of the ridge stated that he believed the average was in the neighborhood of 6 1/2 or 7 sacks for the whole ridge.

The Methodist Ladies Aid will hold a "Rummage Sale," October 25, 26 and 27. Anyone having a donation of clothing, dishes, books, etc., which they are not using but which might be useful to others, please leave same at Dr. Bump's residence or phone Mrs. J. G. Gardner. Watch for further announcement.

## STONY POINT

Lester Hill erected a silo on his ranch this week.

Clarence Dygert made a business trip to Kendrick, Monday.

Ike Steensma made a business trip to Moscow, Thursday, returning Friday.

Margaret Johnson of Fir Bluff visited over the week end with Marie Dygert.

Jim Barnett went to Lewiston, Monday, for medical treatment, having had a stroke of paralysis, Sunday, which rendered him speechless for some time also affecting his right side.

Mrs. George Dygert is confined to her bed at this writing with a severe attack of lagrippe.

## TEXAS RIDGE

Mrs. Frantzich visited with Mrs. L. K. Dahlgren, Wednesday afternoon.

The Jim Baker family have moved to Bovill for the winter.

Mrs. Jackson Bailey is visiting her daughters, Mrs. Herb Slocum on Bear ridge and Mrs. John Halseth in Bovill, before leaving for California.

Mrs. Carl Drury has been enjoying a visit from her sister, from Malden, Wash.

Leonard Miller and Henry Hanson of Deary spent Saturday night at the James Miller home.

George Brown of Portland, Oregon, spent the past week on the ridge visiting relatives and friends and looking after his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Baker of St. Maries, were visitors at the Viola Baker home, Sunday.

Jackson Bailey made a business trip to Oakesdale, Monday.

## Garlic Cause of Big Wheat Loss

## Makers of Flour Discriminate Against Product Containing It.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Wheat containing the bulblets of garlic or wild onion is discriminated against by millers and often is sold at a price ranging from 20 to 50 per cent lower than No. 2 Soft Red Winter, according to the United States Department of Agriculture. The farmer in the Atlantic coast region from Massachusetts to Georgia and as far inland as Missouri, where garlic is prevalent, harvests the garlic bulblets with his wheat. These are about the size and shape of wheat grains, and the two are difficult to separate, so that wheat containing them can be sold only at a discount. Bread made from garlicy flour, especially if eaten warm, has a pronounced odor and garlicy flavor. The money loss from garlic runs into millions of dollars annually.

### Damage and Loss.

A survey made by the department of the damage and loss resulting from this weed in the state of Maryland and part of Pennsylvania where it is particularly bad, shows that practically all wheat produced in Maryland is infested with garlic. Garlicy wheat has a decidedly lower milling value than wheat free from garlic, due to the greater risk from spoilage, to extra cleaning or preparation required for milling, to the lower flour yields obtained, to the greater cost of manufacture, and to the lower market value of the flour product. Discounts for flour made from garlicy wheat vary from 25 cents to \$1 a barrel.

### Bulblets Sown Each Year.

Methods of eradication through readily applicable cultural practices suggested by the department have proved to be successful wherever employed, yet the survey shows that large quantities of the bulblets are being sown each year, through failure to get clean seed or through a failure to realize the extent of infestation in the seed being sown. Estimates made from samples taken from grain drills in the Maryland fields in the fall of 1921, show that as high as 200,000 bulblets to the acre were sown with the wheat in one case, the minimum being around 3,000 per acre. Nearly every farmer interviewed admitted that there was a small amount of garlic in his wheat, but frequently this small amount upon analysis proved to be 50 or more bulblets for each pound of wheat.

## Killing Potato Bugs by Using Arsenate of Lead

Arsenate of lead is one of the best poisons to use, and for a liquid spray should be mixed at the rate of 1.5 pounds of powdered arsenate of lead to 50 gallons of water. In small amounts one-half ounce or one heaping tablespoonful to a gallon of water gives the same strength. A little water should first be added to the powder and stirred until it makes a thin smooth paste. This paste can then be stirred into the required amount of water and the solution is ready for use.

With a good duster or dust gun a mixture of one part powdered arsenate of lead and fifteen parts of air-bladed

or hydrated lime will be quite effective in killing the beetles.

A mixture of one part of paris green to twenty parts of lime is also effective. If no duster is available the mixture can be applied by shaking it on the plants through a cheese-cloth bag. The dust sticks to the plants better if applied when the dew is on. —E. M. Page, Missouri Experiment Station.

## Refilling Small Silos When Somewhat Empty

Farmers with small silos, who cannot store enough silage to run them all winter, can make their supply last longer if they will cut their corn, shock it, and when the silo becomes somewhat empty refill with the shocked corn.

This kind of silage is better feed than the shocked corn direct from the field although it is not as good as the silage that was put into the silo when the corn was at the right age.

It has been found that placing new silage on the old will not hurt either, provided there is no moldy silage on the surface of the old silage.

## EMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH

Cameron, Idaho,  
Rev. Edward A. Rein, Pastor

The church will celebrate its annual Harvest Mission Festival next Sunday. There will be German services at 10:00 o'clock with a basket lunch at Luther hall at noon. English services at 2 o'clock at the church. Rev. O. W. Rietz of Fairfield will be the speaker of the day. You are cordially invited to attend.

## METHODIST CHURCH

The Rev. J. W. Poolton will preach at Southwick next Sunday morning at 11:00 o'clock. Subject "A Call to Consecrated Service". He will return home for the evening service which will begin at 7:30 o'clock and his subject will be: "The City's Request." Don't fail to hear the message Sunday night as it is one of vital interest to the citizen's of Kendrick. A very hearty welcome is extended to all.

## Local Ads

FOR SALE: My runabout Ford with box back, will sell reasonable as we have no use for same. G. G. Oldfield. 37-tf

FOR SALE: Used car with 5 good tires and new battery complete, for \$200. Inquire Gazette office. 38-tf

## MONEY TO LOAN

On first class farm mortgages at 5 1/2 per cent interest, five to ten years with prepayment privileges. Make application today. Inquire Gazette. 37-tf

Try a "For Sale" ad in the Gazette. You will get results at little expense.

FOR SALE: Brunswick phonograph and records at a bargain. Good as new. Inquire Gazette. 38-tf

FOR SALE or TRADE: 160 acres irrigated land located under the famous Bow river irrigation project, 1 1/2 miles east of Rosemary, Alberta. This is a splendid business proposition for a family containing two or three boys. 140 acres of this land is in a good state of cultivation and will produce a good crop next year. Inquire Gazette. 38-tf

Auto wheels repaired. I have installed a machine for tightening loose auto wheels. Have your wheels fixed before they are ruined. Gus Blum, Camerton. 32-tf

FOR SALE: 40 head pigs; big boned Poland China male hog; 14 head good milk cows. Inquire E. L. Whisler, Lincon. 39-3t

FOR SALE at a Bargain: A good buffet in fine condition. Phone 683. 36-tf

FOR SALE: Small second hand bean thrasher. Farmers Hardware Co. 36-tf

LOST: Somewhere on Cedar Creek ridge, sample case filled with toilet articles. Finder please notify Mr. Cattlett. 41-1t

## NOTICE

Dr. S. A. Roe of Lewiston, Idaho, has moved his office from the New Idaho Trust Bldg., over Beach's Store, to the new Breier Bldg., room 315-317. 41-1t

## PUBLIC SALE

Am sorry to disappoint my friends at not being able to give them a date, but if you can give me two weeks notice I can generally take care of your wants. Harry C. Cranke, auctioneer, Moscow and Grangeville, Idaho. 41-1t

# Are You Saving Money?

## Are You Just Buying Without Looking?

You can make your dollars go farther if you attend the Big Money Raising Sale at this store.

## Everything Being Sold at Bargain Prices.

Boy's heavy wool mackinaws	\$4.19
Boy's corduroy suits, age 9 to 14	\$4.48
Boy's corduroy and wool knicker pants	89c
Men's heavy wool stag shirts	\$4.98
Men's leather vests, lined, and with knit collar and cuffs with extra leather cuffs, a full length coat	\$8.68
Men's heavy weight cotton ribbed unionsuit	\$1.68
Ladies cotton unionsuits for winter	\$1.13
Ladies outing flannel gowns	98c
Ladies pumps and oxfords	\$2.98

You will not complain about prices if you will trade at the

# Kendrick Store Company

The Quality Store

## Keep Hog House Cool in Hot Weather of Summer

Cool buildings for hogs, cattle, horses and poultry during sultry summer weather has been a problem that has increased as the number of windows used has multiplied. Ordinarily, the windows in a hog house act as a suntrap when the thermometer is registering 90 degrees in the shade, making a bakeoven out of the place. Such heat fries the weight out of hogs.

To have plenty of sunshine in the hog house in the winter, spring and fall forces the use of a large amount of glass in its construction. Various methods of shutting out the sun have been used. The most effective way of maintaining a cooler temperature in barns and hog houses is to paint the glass on the inside with an entirely opaque paint. Paint is both too expensive and too hard to remove to be profitable.

This explains the welcome accorded by farmers to a new product derived from clay, which shuts out the sun and heat effectively, is exceptionally low in price and can be easily applied or removed with a large brush or spray.

## Superior Qualities of Silage for Dairy Cows

Silage is a succulent, grasslike feed and stimulates digestion. It has the same effect as grass, giving thrift to the animal; and less sickness is experienced among stock when good silage is fed. Silage stimulates the milk flow and all milking stock should receive it. Silage is cooling and appetizing, and it prevents many of the troubles resulting from overfeeding of concentrates. Most of the world's dairy records have been made by cows that are fed silage.

## Various Root Crops Are Excellent for Chickens

Anything in the form of a root such as turnips, beets, carrots or mangels are excellent for the hens and especially is this true of mangel beets. This kind of beet answers the purpose of both bulk in the crop and digestive organs, together with the purpose of juicy green feed. Moreover, more of the mangel beets can be raised on a small plot than any other root, such as above named. Where there is room be sure and plan a part of the ground area for at least one of the root crops.

Wanted: Men or women to take orders for genuine guaranteed hosiery for men, women and children. Eliminates darning. Salary \$75.00 a week full time; \$1.50 an hour spare time. Cottons, heathers, silks. International stocking mills, Norristown, Pa. 39-10t

## How Better Than Pills?

The question has been asked; In what way are Chamberlain's Tablets superior to the ordinary cathartic and liver pills? Our answer is, they are easier and more pleasant to take, and their effect is so gentle that one hardly realizes that it is produced by a medicine. Then, they not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion.

# SPECIAL SALE

## On Dishes

Genuine Cable White Dishes

Gold Band Dishes, Ivory Decorated Dishes

All prices greatly reduced for one week only

# SEE OUR WINDOWS

Bargains in granite ware, aluminum ware and household specialties on our tables.

The Carlson Hardware Co.